Calculating the ROI on Your Communications

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What we’ll cover

• Examples of communication’s impact on the bottom line
• Using behavior change to calculate the financial value of communication
• Worksheet examples of how you can calculate ROI on your own communication campaigns or channels
Link communication objectives to behaviors supporting revenue, costs or “cost to society”

1. Start with organizational **goals** having a bottom-line impact
2. Identify which changes in audience **actions/behaviors** will lead to a particular goal
3. Identify the **knowledge** and **attitudes** that will influence the needed behavior change
4. Develop your communication plan of **activities**:  
   - Messages you will send, on knowledge and attitudes that will support behavior changes  
   - Processes or channels you will use

*This process will prove the chain of evidence that your activities led, step by step, to achieving the organizational goals*
ROI is the financial value of changed audience behaviors vs. cost of communication

• Start with the total financial value of new sales, increase in share price, improved productivity, reduced accidents, etc.
• Take credit for a percentage of the financial value based on the impact your audience attributes to the communication
• Divide by the cost of communication
• Result is a rough estimate of your ROI
• Work with Finance Dept. to see how they calculate ROI
ROI Ex. 1: Communication impact on long-distance dialing costs

- **Situation**: Employees were dialing long-distance calls directly instead of using a string of pre-dialing numbers that reduced the cost.

- **Solution**: Humorous internal communications campaign over three-month period using e-mails and the intranet; repeated every few months to alert new hires and remind back-sliders.

- **Outcome**: Company long-distance costs reduced over $20,000 per month with the same call volume.
ROI Ex. 1: Calculating communication ROI on long-distance cost savings

- Annual long-distance savings $(12 \times $20,000)$ $240,000$
- Annual salary and benefits for one communicator $- $86,000$
- Net annual cost saving $154,000$
- Cost of comm. salary/benefits $\div $86,000$
- Annual ROI $= 179\%$
Taking appropriate credit for change: Isolate the role communication played in improved results

- **Pilot** the change in only some locations; track the change in outcomes at your pilot locations against closely matched pairs at control group locations
  - Ask other managers involved in the issue to not do anything differently at only some locations

  **OR**

- Measure levels or outcomes before and after your communication intervention
  - Try to correct for any other major changes at the same time
  - Ask the people making the change to what extent the communication affected their behaviors
Examples of calculating ROI

Pilot studies
Calculating impact of communication on outcomes—pilot/control group approach

• Pilot the change in only some locations; track the change in outcomes at your pilot locations against closely matched pairs at control group locations
  – Example: Share new information only in certain locations, and track differences in audience behaviors and business results. Work with operational and sales management to make sure other factors are the same in pilot and control locations during the test period.
  – Use different response phone numbers, URLs or addresses in different channels to track response from each.
  – Some pilots happen accidentally when you plan a unified campaign, but it is executed differently in different groups. When that happens, track the differences in outcomes where different approaches were used.
Purposeful pilot program to test effectiveness of ads, PR or combination

- Metro Waste Authority wants people to bring used engine oil to hazardous waste dump
  - At the dump, zip codes are already tracked when waste is delivered
  - They place an ad on the topic in ½ of the local community newspapers
  - They send a news release to all the papers and track which ones publish related stories
  - Communicators calculate the percentages of each community’s population bringing oil to the dump compared to which groups were exposed to:
    - Just the ad, just a news story, both or neither
Example 2: Reducing insurance costs at Westec Security

- **Situation**: Most employees drove vehicles; insurance costs due to accidents were skyrocketing
- **Solution**: Communicator piloted a new safety communications in 3 of their 7 branches
- **Outcome**: Company insurance premium reduced by $1 million per year at the three pilot branches; no change at other 4 branches
Example 2: Calculating communication’s ROI at Westec

- Annual insurance cost savings $1.00 million
- Annual salary of communicator -$ .06 million
- Annual cost saving $ .94 million
- Annual salary of communicator ÷ $ .06 million
- Annual ROI = 1566%

If ROI seems too high to be believable, add more costs to the equation
Examples of calculating ROI

Before/after studies
Calculating impact of communication on outcomes—before/after approach

- Measure levels of outcomes before and after your communication intervention and have your audience identify the connection between your communication and their behavior
  - Example: Audience survey identifying people who have and haven’t taken some action you want them to, with questions asking:
    - Which of them remember seeing different communications on the topic
    - To what extent these messages influenced their decision to take those actions, versus a range of other factors
Tracking impact of advertising with more favorable perceptions of a company

- Study conducted by Delahaye Medialink in 1999 found consumers who were aware of the company’s advertising had more favorable perceptions of many aspects of AT&T’s reputation.

![Bar chart showing percentage of favorable perceptions among those who were aware of ads versus those not aware of ads, for Innovation, Reputation, and Trust categories.]
However, ads were not always useful

• Same AT&T study* found that in times of extremely favorable and widespread news coverage of discrete events, the coverage cultivates positive perceptions over and above the advertising
  – In times of extremely unfavorable and widespread new coverage of discrete events, the coverage cultivates negative perceptions that undermine the usual impact of advertising

• Advertising had more impact on perceptions and buying behaviors of “light” news consumers

Have your audience connect your communication with their actions

- **Employee survey** asks to what extent the intranet has saved them time; then calculate the financial value of that saved time.
- **Customer magazine survey** asks which of a list of services readers purchased after first learning about the service’s availability in the magazine.
- **Bank of America media relations team** used to calculate drops in new account deposits per day of negative news coverage to encourage senior management to actively address bad news instead of waiting for it to stop by itself.
- **Readers Digest PR** tracks immediate jumps on book sales through amazon.com after each author’s appearance on local TV talk shows or local book reviews.
Example 3: Ask employees about the impact of internal communication on revenue

- Ask employees what percentage of revenue they generated in the last year was due to more or better communication they received from the company communications directed to them; e.g., communications about:
  - Changing customer needs
  - Competitor activities
  - Best practices for selling
  - Product/service changes
Example 3: Communication’s impact on a specific product’s sales goal

- How many said communication played a major role in reaching goal:
  - All employees: 54%
  - Sales employees: 78%

- How many answered knowledge question on goal correctly:
  - All employees: 62%
  - Sales employees: 78%

- How many felt well informed on other goals:
  - All employees: 37%
  - Sales employees: 28%

- How many felt well informed about sales goal:
  - All employees: 55%
  - Sales employees: 56%
Example 3: Employee communication’s impact on a sales goal

Survey question: How much impact did employee communication have on exceeding our Product X sales goal?

- **All Employees**: 54%
  - One of up to three major factors: 43%
  - More impact than any other factor: 11%

- **Sales**: 78%
  - One of up to three major factors: 72%
  - More impact than any other factor: 6%
Example 3: Calculating communication’s ROI

- Increase in sales profit: $4.8 million
- % employees saying comm. played major role in goal: 54%
- Reduction to account for comm. being one of 3 major factors: 33%
- Comm.’s “credit” for sales: $855,360
- Cost of comm. + research: $217,000
- Net increase after costs: $638,360
- ROI: 294%
Example 4: Ask salespeople impact of PR/marketing communication on revenue

• Ask salespeople what percentage of the revenue they generated in the last year was due to more or better marketing communication directed primarily at prospects and customers; e.g.:
  – Consumer news stores
  – Trade press
  – Advertising
  – Events
  – Exhibit booths
  – Web sites
Ex. 4: Newspaper, TV/radio stories about products or procedures they treat

- Help increase customer awareness of the need for our type of products: 39% likely, 44% probably, 17% probably didn’t help.
- Help strengthen existing customer relationships: 32% likely, 43% probably, 25% probably didn’t help.
- Help generate new leads: 22% likely, 47% probably, 31% probably didn’t help.
- Make it easier to close sales: 20% likely, 43% probably, 36% probably didn’t help.

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Ex. 4: How each tool helped increase customer awareness of the need for our type of products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tool</th>
<th>0%</th>
<th>20%</th>
<th>40%</th>
<th>60%</th>
<th>80%</th>
<th>100%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Internal sales newsletters</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>52%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct-to-Patient ads in magazines and/or television</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Newspaper, TV/radio stories about products or procedures they treat</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Web sites for clinicians and consumers</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>53%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advertisements in professional journals</td>
<td>45%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>5%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Patient education tools including brochures, videos, etc.</td>
<td>56%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>11%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Professional journal articles on products or procedures they treat</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Booths at medical conventions</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales aids for clinicians about our products</td>
<td>77%</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>2%</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

I can think of specific situations where this helped
□ Probably helped to some extent
□ Probably didn’t help at all

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Ex. 4: Sales reps’ assessment of communication’s ROI

- **Methodology**: In July 2005, 234 of about 500 invited XYZ sales reps and managers participated in an online survey to evaluate the effectiveness of sales communication support tools. This 47% response rate means that the following results are accurate at the 95% confidence level within a margin of ±5%.

- Respondents attributed 37% of the total revenue they generated to the sales communication support they receive, which results in an ROI of __%.
Ex. 4: Calculating sales communication support’s ROI on generating sales

- Total revenue generated $  
- % credit sales reps attribute to sales comm. tools x 37%  
- Comm.’s “credit” for sales = $  
- Cost of comm. + research - $ X  
- Net return after costs = $  
- Cost of comm. + research ÷ $ X  
- ROI = ____%
Public sector examples of calculating ROI based on the cost to society of wrong behaviors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wrong behaviors</th>
<th>Cost can be calculated as…</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Drinking while driving, not wearing life vests while boating, domestic violence | • Cost of police and ambulance time to respond  
• Cost of disability benefits to survivors  
• Cost of un-reimbursed medical care                                                                 |
| High student drop-out rates                                                    | • Loss in federal funding based on enrollment  
• Loss in future earning power and increase in likelihood of being unemployed and needing government benefits |
| Visiting a govt. office for a transaction that can be done online               | Greater amount of staff time needed for face-to-face transactions multiplied by average payroll cost per hour |
| Dumping toxic waste in sewers                                                  | • Cost of environmental clean-up  
• Cost of potential lawsuits                                                                                           |
Ultimate questions to ask:

1. What impact on our business (or society) could this communication have?

2. What would be the impact if we didn’t communicate it?

3. How can we quantify the return on investment financially?
Linking communication measures to the bottom line

Tracking behaviors to measure ROI

High-value vs. low-value measures

Measuring the impact of new media tools

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Sinickas Communications, Inc., is an international communication consultancy specializing in helping corporations achieve business results through focused diagnostics and practical solutions (www.sinicom.com).

Self-administered planning, measurement and benchmarking tools based on Angela Sinickas’ manual, *How to Measure Your Communication Programs*, are available by subscription either online through www.CommToolbox.com SM or as CD-ROMs.

Over 30, one-hour audio CDs available on a range of communication measurement and planning topics, including articles, templates and other documents further explaining each topic.

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About Angela Sinickas, ABC, IABC Fellow

• A pioneer in the field of organizational communication measurement, Angela Sinickas has been measuring the effectiveness of communication since 1981. She has published nearly 90 articles in professional journals and has conducted over 300 workshops in 25 countries. She has also been a guest lecturer at USC, California State University, Loyola University, Pepperdine University, Ramon Llul University (Barcelona) and University of Ulster (Belfast).

• She is the author of the manual *How to Measure Your Communication Programs*, a regular columnist for the magazine *Strategic Communication Management* and on the editorial boards of two professional journals. She has written chapters on measurement in the textbook *Inside Organizational Communication* and the Ragan Communications manual *Employee Communication*.

• Angela is a former member of the Board of Directors for the Council of Communication Management, and a on the PRSA Communication Audit Task Force.

• Angela has been an organizational communicator since 1974:
  – Principal and Practice Leader, William M. Mercer, Incorporated
  – Vice President of Communication, Secomerica, Inc.
  – Communication Consultant and Unit Leader, Hewitt Associates
  – Manager of Internal Communication, Chicago Tribune Company
  – Editor, Information Officer, and Assistant Director, University of Illinois Medical Center

• Angela’s work has been recognized with 16 international-level awards from IABC, five of them for measurement projects and two for her Website, www.sinicom.com.

• She received her BS degree in Journalism from the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign in 1975.

• Besides English, she is fluent in Spanish and Lithuanian, and is conversant in German.